Wordbanks

Hier sind einige nützliche Vorschläge bevor du anfängst.

Eine Wordbank ist eine Sammlung von Wörtern, die zu einer bestimmten Kategorie - einem Oberbegriff - gehören. Sie helfen dir deinen Wortschatz sinnvoll und gezielt zu erweitern.

Mache Wordbank-Seiten in deinem Heft oder in einem Loseblatt-Hefter. Schreibe einen Oberbegriff oben auf ein Blatt. Wenn du nachher einen Text gelesen und durchgearbeitet hast, suche nach passenden Wörtern für deine Wordbanks und schreibe sie ein. Du allein entscheidest welche Wörter in deine Wordbanks passen. Zum Beispiel:

CLOTHES

underwear	Control of the Contro	
United Welds	UNUEL WEUL	
		5.5

board	teacher
book	learn
class	classroom

cornflower	grow
lane	walk
desert	hot
forest	green
jungle	thick
lake	sailing
moor	lonely
sea	cruel

Hier sind Vorschläge für weitere Wordbanks:

- (1) THE HUMAN BODY . (2) ANIMALS . (3) HOUSES AND FLATS
- (4) TOWNS . (5) FOOD AND DRINK . (6) SHOPPING .
- (7) PEOPLE AND JOBS . (8) FEELINGS AND EMOTIONS

Ab Seite 46 gibt es auch Kreuzworträtsel zu Wordbank-Themen 1 bis 6.

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1 A dead designer

Did you hear about the crossword designer?

- No. what?

He died. Now he's six down and three across!

(22 Wörter)

Line

Line

- Did you hear about ...? = Hast du von ... gehört?
- 3 He died = Er starb.
- 3 down (wie in einem Kreuzworträtsel) = senkrecht
- across (wie in einem Kreuwortrtt(sel) = waagerecht/waagrecht

Simple past: regular verbetzwerk-lernen.de Theory

The infinitive form:

(spielen)

play (sterben) die

The simple past form:

played (spielte/spielten) (starb/starben) died

Verbs with this form of the simple past (+ ed/+ d) are "regular" verbs.

and practice These verbs from the wordlist are regular. Write the

antwortete(n) answered answer

arrive

Brgue

breathe

listen

fill

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zur Vollversion

2 Hearing aid?

"Hi, Mrs Taylor! I've got a new hearing aid. It's very good!"

Line

"That's wonderful, Anna. What type is it?"

"It's half past ten, Mrs Taylor."

Line

4 half past ten (10:30) = halb elf Uhr

GRAFIK:

Horgerat

sheory

Simple present: has got, have got (haben, besitzen)

This verb is more common in British English (American English = has, have). When they talk, British people use the long forms with names and the short forms with personal pronouns (= I, you, he/she/it, we, they).

long form

short form

Carol has got a brother.

She's got a brother.

Mr and Mrs Brown have got a cat.

They've got a cat.

You can also use the short forms in informal letters and e-mails.

and practice Wri

Write a sentence. Use the correct form.

Jane/an apple

Jane has got an apple.

She/a banana, too

I/a present

They/some carrots

Mr Bradley/a bottle of beer

We/a pony



3 A tank driver

Father: What do you want to do when you grow up,

Jennifer?

Girl: I want to drive a big tank.

Father: Well, I won't stand in your way.

(31 Wörter)

Line

Line

1 What do you want to do when ...? = Was willst du tion, wenn ...?

4 Well = Na, gur; I won't (I will not) = Ich werde nicht

shear " Simple present: questions and answers rk-lernen.de

Compare the questions and the answers.

When do you arrive? — I arrive at 3:30.

Do you arrive at the bus station? - Yes, I do.

What does she play? — She plays tennis.

Does she play basketball, too? — No, she doesn't.

write simple present questions.

and practice ! Harry/like pizza?

Does Harry like pizza?

Paul and Diana/argue?

bag/belong to you?

when/you go?

where/father work?

what/Anne buy?

what/you think?

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werk-lernen de

Line

1

4

3

6 7

4 A cordless phone

In an electronics store:

Man: Can you help me, please? I want a cordless

phone.

Assistant: Certainly. This cordless phone has a range of

150 metres.

Man: That's no good! My girifriend lives in another

town.

(39 Wörter)

Line

4 has a range of = hat eine Reichweite von

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sheary " Simple present: verbs

The verb be has three forms; am, is, are.

The verbs can, must, will only have the one form.

All other verbs have two forms:

I • you • we • they he • she • it

have has lives help do does

and practice Write the correct simple present forms of these verbs:

annoy I don't like your brother. He

mc.

come My mum

home at 3:30.

like I've got a funny dog. It

cats!

go My sister is eight. She

to a junior school.



Insect spray

A man goes into a garden centre and picks up a can of insect spray.

"Is this good for ants?" he asks an assistant. The assistant looks at the can and reads the label. "No, it isn't. It kills them."

(42 Wörter)

Line

Line

Is it good for ...? = Wirkt es auch bei ...? (Wordich: Ist es gut für ...?)

Simple present: Questions and short answers with be Theory

Are you OK? - Yes./No.

In English, a very short answer is rude!

Are you OK? - Yes, 1 am./No, 1 m not.

In English, this is polite. It's the same with the other personal pronouns.

, and practice Write polite answers to the questions.

Is it a good film?

No.

Is it an interesting book? - Yes.

Is your father in?

No.

Are your teachers nice?

Yes.

Are you 13 years old?

No.

Are you late?

Yes.

Am I your friend?

- Yes.

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Line

1

4

6 A funny patient!

A man goes to the doctor. He has got a gherkin up his nose, a carrot in one ear and a banana in the other ear.

"Doctor, what is wrong with me?"

The doctor looks at the gherkin, the carrot and the banana.

"That's simple. You aren't eating properly."

(52 Wörter)

Line

- 0 funny = komisch/lustig (Aber auch: seltsam/merkwärdig)
- 3 What is wrong with me? = Was fehlt mir?

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Theory " Vocabulary: word fields

A wordbank is a big, loose catergory and lots of words can go in it. For example 'People':

police officer, driver, father, parents, boy, doctor, ... etc.

A wordfield is a smaller, tighter group of words. For example: 'Family': mother, father, son, daughter, cousin, ... etc.

and practice Find more words for these two word fields.

vegetables

fruit

gherkin

banana

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7 A family name

A teacher is telling her class of six-year-old children about names.

"Everybody has a first name and a family name."

A small girl puts her hand up.

"Yes, Jaqueline?"

"So what's God's family name, Miss?"

"Oh, I don't think God has a family name."

A small boy shouts:

"Yes, he does. It's 'Zilla'."

(56 Wörter)

Line

Line

- 1 is telling = erzählt gerade WW. Del Das Monster Godzilla
- 3 a first name = ein Vorname
- 7 I don't think ... = ich glaube nicht, dass

Theory " Simple present: negatives (Verneinungen)

These verbs just add not or n't:

be have got can

I'm not hungry. I haven't got a book. I can't swim.

She isn't nice. He hasn't got a pen. You can't play with us.

We aren't happy. They haven't got a dog. They can't write,

All other verbs are different. They use doesn't and don't,

He * She • It I • You • We • They

doesn't like cats. don't like cats.

doesn't play football. don't play football.

doesn't speak English. don't speak English.

and practice Use an exercise book and write negative sentences with these verbs:

argue · bring · go · fisten to · take · talk to · wait @ | @ @ @



Line

1

4

3

6

7

What is it?

Harry has got lots of presents for his birthday: a DVD film, a computer game, an MP3-player - and a book! Harry examines it carefully and turns it this way and that. He looks very puzzled.

"What's wrong?" asks his mother.

"What is this?" Harry asks her, "And how do I switch it on?"

(57 Wörter)

Line

3 turns it this way and that = dreht es hin und her

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Simple present: questions with wh-words Theory

Look at these questions in English and German with be, can and have got.

Who am 12 What is it?

Where are they? Wo sind sie?

Wer bin ich? Was ist es?

> Who have they got? How can I help?

Was has er? Wen haben sie? Wie kann ich helfen?

All other English verbs must use do and does:

When does she arrive?

Wann konsmt sie an?

What has he got?

What does be think?

Was meint er?

When do you arrive?

Want kommst du an?

What do they think?

Was meinen sie?

and practice Use an exercise book and write correct questions.

buy . do . what . you

does * go * she * when

can . hc . see . what

has * got * she * what

= What do you buy?

(Wann geht sie?)

(Was kann er sehen?)

Was hat sie?



A plumber

A black Labrador dog goes into the job centre and asks for help. He needs a job. The assistant at the job centre is astounded - a talking dog!

"What a fantastic talent! I'm sure I can find a job for you with a circus."

"The circus?" says the dog. "Why would a circus need a plumber?"

Line

Line

6 Why would ...? = Warum wurde ...?

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Vocabulary: translation tips sheory

German English

A few English and German Arm arm words are the same. Alibi alibi

Lots of words are similar. nung VOHI12

Translate these words from the text above.

and practice Then check your translations with the word list.

help

assistant

fantastic

talent

find

14

zwerk-lernen.de circus.

