## In the classroom

## Task

Translate the English words into German and fill in the crossword puzzle (ü = ue, ä=ae). You might need an English-German dictionary.


## Across

14. glue
15. sink
16. folder
17. felt tip

## Down

2. chalk
3. blackboard
4. desk
5. clock
6. schoolbag
7. cupboard
8. pen
9. ruler
10. sharpener

## Station 3

## Where is what?

## Task 1

Fill in the right prepositions.

1. My book is $\qquad$ (unter) the table.
2. The chair is $\qquad$ (hinter) the desk.
3. The pencil is $\qquad$ (in) my pencil case.
4. The board is $\qquad$ (neben) the door.
5. The pictures are $\qquad$ (an) the wall.

6. Our exercise books are $\qquad$ (auf) the table.
7. In the classroom the girls sit $\qquad$ (hinter) the boys.

## Task 2

Look at the pictures and say where the things and people are.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.


## Station 7

## Birthday parties

## Task 1 "Track 13"

Fill in the correct form of the going to-future. Then listen to track 13 and check your answers.

1. Sarah and I $\qquad$ (have) a party tomorrow.
2. My best friend Sally $\qquad$ (come), too.
3. Peter $\qquad$ (help) me with the hamburgers.
4. Our parents $\qquad$ (prepare) the garage for the party.
5. On Saturday, my best friend Carol $\qquad$ (have) her birthday party.
6. I $\qquad$ (go) there at seven o'clock.
7. My brother Terry and his friend James $\qquad$ (join) me.
8. On Sunday, we $\qquad$ (sleep) late.

## Task 2

Write sentences about what the kids are going to prepare for the party.
1.

2.

3.

4.
 bring - garage
5. $d^{d} d^{d} d$ prepare

## Station 9

## Analogue times

## Task 1 "Track 14"

Listen to the times. Now listen again and draw the pointers (Zeiger) in the clocks in the correct positions.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.


## Task 2

Look at the clocks and write the analogue times in words.


It's $\qquad$ It's $\qquad$
3.


It's $\qquad$
4.


It's $\qquad$
5.


It's $\qquad$
6.


It's $\qquad$

## Digital times

Like many other countries, the United Kingdom uses the 12-hour clock. You often use a.m. (= in the morning) or p.m. (= in the afternoon) with full hours. You only use them with other times if it isn't clear from the context (aus dem Zusammenhang) if the time is in the morning or in the afternoon.

## Task 1 "Track 15"

First listen to the digital times (1-12). Then match the digital times with the anologue times and other expressions of time ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{L}$ ).

It's ...
(1) 6:00 a.m.
(2) $7: 15$ (a.m.)
(3) 8:04 (a.m.)
(4) 9:30 (a.m.)
(5) 10:22 (a.m.)
(6) 10:45 (a.m.)
(7) 11:58 (a.m.)
(8) $12: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(9) $2: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(10) 3:25 (p.m.)
(11) $6: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(12) $12: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

It's ...
(A) quarter to eleven
(B) half past nine
(C) two o'clock in the afternoon
(D) twelve o'clock in the morning
(E) quarter past seven
(F) twenty-five past three
(G) six o'clock in the evening
(H) six o'clock in the morning
(I) midnight
(J) a few minutes past eight
(K) twenty-two minutes past ten
(L) nearly midday
$\qquad$ 2
3 4 5 $\qquad$ 6 $\qquad$ 7 $\qquad$ 8 $\qquad$ 9 $\qquad$ 10

People in the USA often use different expressions for analogue times.

Examples:
8:50 - It's ten minutes before nine.
9:05 - It's five minutes after nine.

## Task 2 "Track 16"

Listen to Roland Berry and his girlfriend Sharon. They're at a station. Answer the following questions.

1. Where do Roland and Sharon want to go?
2. What platform are they on? $\qquad$
3. When does the train arrive?
4. What time is it now?
5. How long do they have to wait for the train?
6. How long does the train wait at the platform?
7. When does the train leave?
