

My room



Task 1

Draw a picture of your room.

What does it look like when you open the door?



Task 2

Write a description (= *Beschreibung*) of your room in your exercise book.

Describe the furniture and all other things in your room and say where they are.

The words and phrases from the box below can help you.

on the right / left in the middle between next to

in the foreground / background (= *im Vordergrund / Hintergrund*)

on the wall under the window in one corner

the colour of: walls, furniture, lamp, chair, desk, shelves, bed, floor, curtains, carpet etc.



Task 3

Describe your room to your partner, so that he or she can draw a picture of your room on a sheet of paper.

After you have finished, compare your partner's picture with your picture.

Simple past



Task 1

Put the sentences in the simple past.

Use signal words like yesterday, an hour / 15 minutes ago, last week, in 2010.

Example: How old are you? → How old were you in 2010?

1. I play the piano. → _____

2. I don't know the title of the song. → _____

3. We go shopping. → _____

4. The woman is in the garden. → _____



Task 2

Write down short answers to these questions in the simple past.

You can choose between a "Yes"- or "No"-answer.

Example: Was the lunch break at eleven o'clock yesterday? → Yes, it was.

1. Did you have your German lesson at half past ten? → _____

2. Did Peter sing very loudly in the kitchen this morning? → _____

3. Did Anna hurt her knee badly on Saturday? → _____

4. Was your new bike very expensive? → _____

Words in a grid



Task

Look at the German words.

Write the English translations in the grid (= *Gitter*).

Follow the numbers and read the letters in the boxes.

Together they will form the solution sentence.

Look at the example.

1. gefährlich 2. gegenüber 3. nichts 4. Hals/Kehle 5. falsch
 6. unserer/unsere/unseres 7. (Wett-)Lauf 8. bist/sind/seid 9. Himmel
 10. schön 11. aufregend/spannend 12. Ferien 13. Herbst 14. Flugzeug
 15. Vergangenheit 16. bis jetzt/schon/noch

1.	D	a	n	g	e	r	o	u	s
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7.									
8.									
9.									
10.									
11.									
12.									
13.									
14.									
15.									
16.									

Solution sentence: _____

Question tags (1)

Question tags – Das „Nicht wahr?“-Frageanhängsel

Das Frageanhängsel besteht immer aus zwei Wörtern:

Hilfsverb + *Personalpronomen* (Subjekt des Satzes)

1. Ist die Aussage positiv, wird das Frageanhängsel verneint.
→ *It is sunny outside, isn't it?* **Kurzantwort:** Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.
2. Ist die Aussage negativ, ist das Frageanhängsel positiv.
→ *It isn't raining today, is it?* **Kurzantwort:** Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.
3. Die Zeitform ist beim Aussagesatz und dem Anhängsel die gleiche.



Task

Look at the statements and add (= *ergänze*) the correct question tag.

Write down a short answer.

You can choose between a "Yes"- and a "No"-answer.

Example: I'm a good swimmer, aren't I ? → Yes, you are.

1. Lisa is tired today, _____ ? → _____
2. The song is really nice, _____ ? → _____
3. You're still at the airport, _____ ? → _____
4. We're in a hurry, _____ ? → _____
5. I'm not a nice person, _____ ? → _____
6. Peter isn't at home, _____ ? → _____
7. The book isn't expensive, _____ ? → _____
8. You aren't in the library, _____ ? → _____
9. They aren't going to the zoo, _____ ? → _____
10. I'm not in a good mood, _____ ? → _____