

1. PRESENT TENSE

1. Progressive Form



Peter *is working* in the kitchen.

Mit Present Tense Progressive Form werden Handlungen oder Tätigkeiten beschrieben, die im Augenblick des Sprechens ablaufen.

Signalwörter: NOW AT THE MOMENT LOOK LISTEN

Bildung der Present Tense Progressive Form:

Verbform in der Grundform + Nachsilbe -ing
z.B. to sing + -ing = singing

Beachte:

a) Stummes -e am Wortende fällt weg:

to take	-e + ing	= taking
to have	-e + ing	= having
to come	-e + ing	= coming

b) Verdoppelung der Endkonsonanten nach kurz gesprochenen Vokalen:

to stop	+ p + ing	= stopping
to run	+ n + ing	= running
to get	+ t + ing	= getting

c) Formen des Hilfsverbs "to be":

I	am	(I'm)
you	are	(you're)
he	is	(he's)
she	is	(she's)
it	is	(it's)

learning English now.



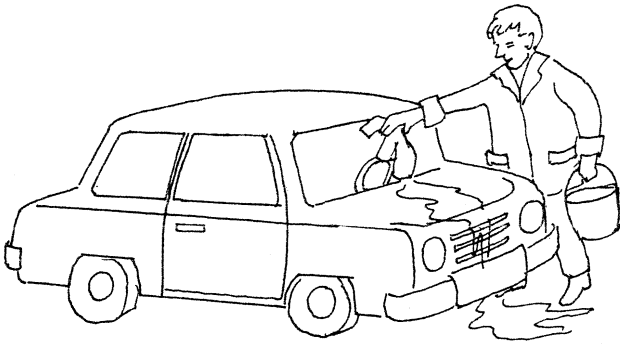
netzwerk
lernen
(we're)
(you're)
they are (they're)

zur Vollversion

2. EXERCISES

A. What are they doing?

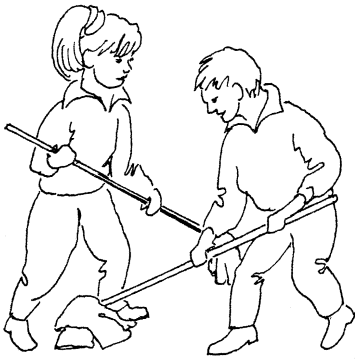
Look at these pictures and say what these people are doing.



1. What is Mr Miller doing?



2. What is Tom doing?



3. What are Mike and Susan doing?



4. What is Jill doing?

B. Complete these sentences:

1. (to listen) Mr Dean _____ to the radio.

2. (to read) Mrs Dean _____ the paper.

3. (to repair) Pete _____ his bike.

4. (to ride) Liz _____ her bike.

5. (to run) The cat _____ away.

6. (to watch) The dog _____ the cat.

7. (to sing) The birds _____ in the tree.

8. (to shine) The sun _____.

9. (to swim) Tom _____.

10. (to take) The birds _____.

4. TEST SHEET

Name: _____ Form: _____ Date: _____

A. What are they doing? *Look at the picture and answer the questions.*



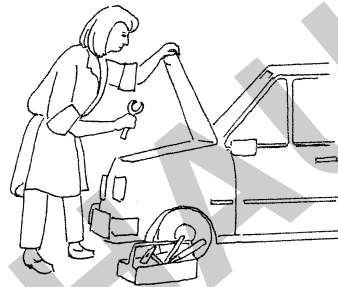
1. What is Father doing?



2. What is Harry doing?



3. What is Jane doing?



4. What is Mother doing?

B. *Put the missing words into the correct form.*

1. (to repair) The mechanic _____ the TV.
2. (to clean) Sally _____ her room.
3. (to go) Dave and Pat _____ to the shops.
4. (to read) Ann _____ a book.
5. (to write) My friend and I _____ a letter.
6. (to do) I _____ my best.
7. (to watch) The teacher _____ me.
8. (to give) Susan _____ me a pen.
9. (to sit) You _____ on a very old chair.
10. (to put) My friends and I _____ the exercise books on the teacher's desk.

6. PRESENT TENSE

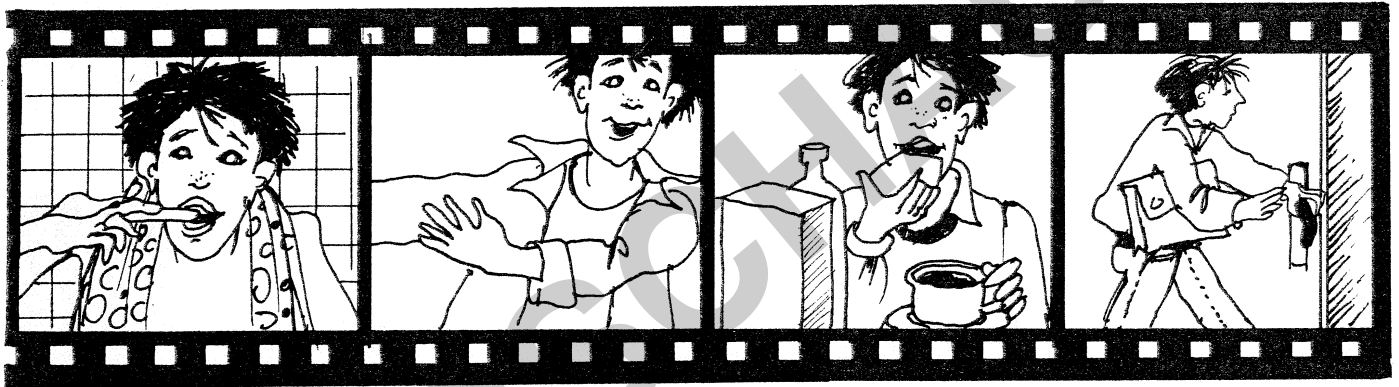
2. Simple Form



Tony gets up at seven every morning.

a) Regelmäßige Handlungen

Das Present Simple beschreibt regelmäßige Handlungen oder Vorgänge.

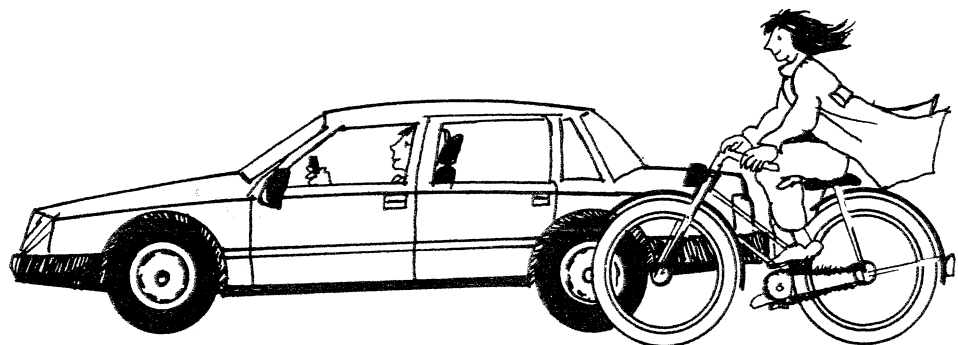


It's always the same every morning. First Tony gets up, then he has a wash and gets dressed. After that he has breakfast. Finally he leaves the house.

b) Handlungsschritte

Auch mehrere Handlungsschritte in einer zeitlichen Abfolge können mit dem Present Simple beschrieben werden.

Cars go faster
than bikes.



c) Tatsachen, Regeln, Gesetze

Mit dem Present Simple können auch Tatsachen (z.B. Regeln oder Gesetzmäßigkeiten) ausgedrückt werden.



netzwerk
lernen

Signalwörter: ALWAYS NEVER USUALLY EV

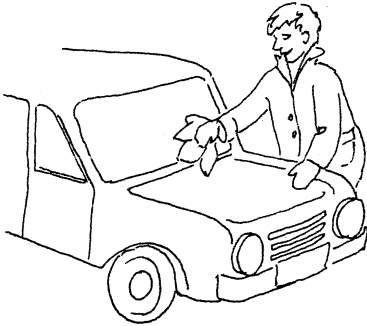
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9. EXERCISES

A. What do these people do regularly?

Look at the pictures and say what these people do regularly.

1. What does Mr Smith do every day?



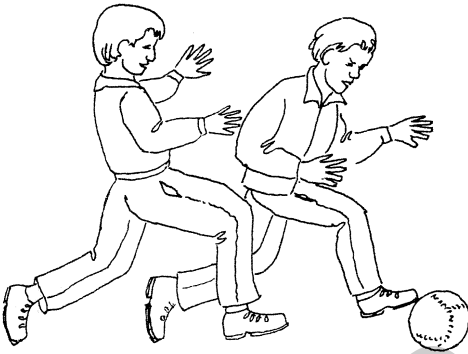
___ He cleans his car every day. ___

2. What does Mrs Brown do every Saturday?



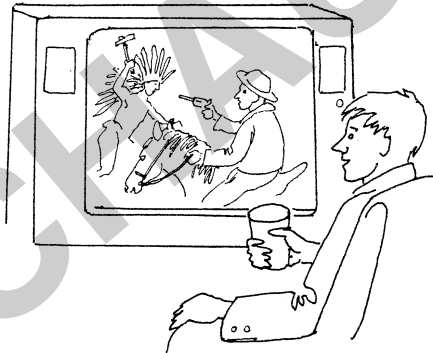
___ She bakes a cake every Saturday. ___

3. What does Tim do on Sundays?



___ He plays football on Sundays. ___

4. What does Mr Hudson do every evening?



___ He watches TV every evening. ___

B. Complete the following sentences.

1. (to get up) Tom ___ gets up ___ at six every morning.

2. (to hurry) He always ___ hurries ___ to school.

3. (to cry) This baby ___ cries ___ every night.

4. (to go) Father never ___ goes ___ to the pub.

5. (to wash) Mother ___ washes ___ her hair every morning.

6. (to love) Susan ___ loves ___ ice-cream.

7. (to open) First Tom ___ opens ___ the door.

8. (to go) Then he ___ goes ___ to his room.

9. (to do) There he ___ does ___ his homework.

10. (to watch) Finally he ___ watches ___ TV.

12. SUMMARY

Present Tense

Progressive Form	Simple Form
momentane Handlung Zeitadverbien: now, at the moment	regelmäßige Handlung Reihe von Handlungen Tatsachen, Gesetzmäßigkeiten Zeitadverbien: often, usually, always, never
Beispiel: I'm drinking tea now.	I drink tea every day.

Simple Form or Progressive Form?

Fill in the correct forms of the verbs.

1. (to watch) Mr Baker _____ TV now.
2. (to wash) Mrs Brown _____ the dishes at the moment.
3. (to watch) Mr Jenkins _____ TV every evening.
- 4 (to like) He _____ all the programmes on TV.
5. (to do) What are you _____ now?
6. (to clean) I'm _____ the kitchen floor.
7. (to do) What _____ Mr Hudson do every Friday?
8. (to read) He always _____ a book.
9. (to fly) Planes _____ to America every day.
- 10.(to fly) Mr Baker _____ to New York at the moment.

